









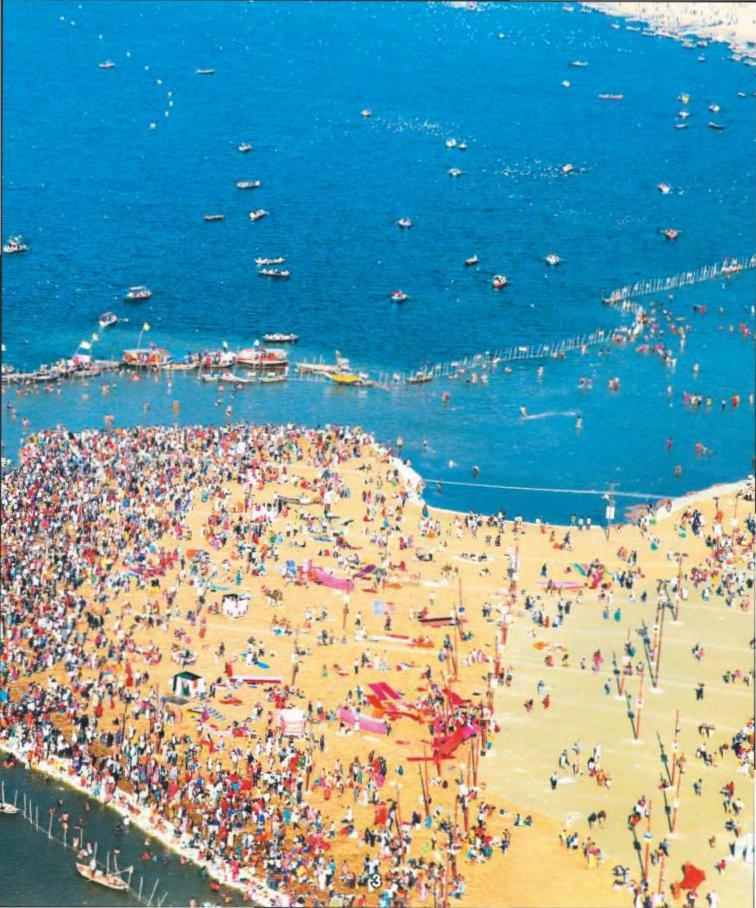


TOURISM UP nahi dekha to India nahi dekha...

POWERING NEW INDIA







SECTOR PROFILE: Uttar Pradesh Tourism

Sectoral Overview

TOURISM SECTOR: India Scenario

- The direct contribution of travel and tourism to GDP in 2016, was INR 480.9 thousand Cr³. Further, the sector indirectly supported 4.034 Cr jobs and directly supported 2.54 Cr jobs in 2016.
- The direct contribution of travel & tourism to GDP is expected to reach INR 994.9 thousand Cr by 2027. During 2011–17E, direct contribution of tourism and hospitality to GDP is expected to register a CAGR of 7.5%.
- Visitor exports generated INR 152.9 thousand Cr. This is 5.4% of the country's total exports.
- Travel and Tourism Investment in 2016 was INR 228.5 thousand Cr, 5.7% of total investment.

Direct contribution of Tourism and hospitality to GDP (In INR Thousand Cr) 1200 994.9 1000 800 **CAGR 7.5 %** 514.1 600 480.9 443.2 403.9 374.5 354.6 334.6 400 200 0 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017E 2027F Source: IBEF Report in Tourism & Hospitality, 2017



1. Source: World Travel and Tourism Council's Economic Impact Report, 2017

Foreign Exchange Earnings (FEE) from Tourism in India

	FEE in INR Cr		FEE in USD term	
Year	INR Crore	% Change over previous year	USD million	% Change over previous year
2014	1,23,320	14.5	20,236	9.7
2015	1,35,193	9.6	21,071	4.1
2016	1,54,146	14	22,923	B.E

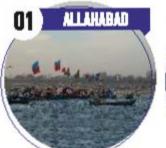
Source: Ministry of Tourism, Government of India

TOURISM SECTOR: Uttar Pradesh Scenario

- 2nd most visited tourist destination in India by domestic travellers in 2016.



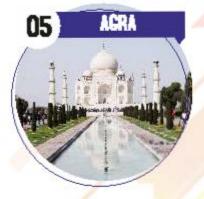
TOP 10 DESTINATIONS Q

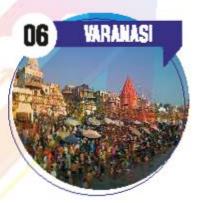




















TOP 10 DESTINATIONS

THAT ATTRACTS FOREIGN TOURISTS















UP







Allahabad

- Described with great reverence in ancient scriptures as Prayag or Teerthra), i.e. 'the hollest pligrimage centre', Aliahabad is situated at the confluence of india's hollest rivers the Ganga, the Yamuna and the mythical Saraswati.
- With the Irresistible attraction of Kumbh Fair, hailed as the world's largest congregation of devotees, the glory of the city has certainly doubled.
- It attracts more than 4 Cr tourists every year.

Ayodhya

- Ayodhya is counted among the seven most sacred cities of ancient india.
- It holds a place of pride among the devotees of Lord Rama, who was a
 descendent of the Surya Varish, which is believed to have been
 founded by Manu, the law-giver of the Hindus. The greatest and
 largest read epics, the Ramayan and the Shri Ramcharitmanas are
 mirror of the glory of Avodhya.
- It attracts more than 1.5 Cr tourists every year.

Agra

- Agra is crowned with the glory of the unparalleled Taj Mahal, a sheer poetry in marble with which Mughel architecture reached its zenith.
 The nearness of Lord Krishna's land, the Braj Bhoomi, certainly doubles Agra's importance and attraction.
- It attracts more than 1 Cr tourists every year.

Chitrakoot

- Calebrated in ballads and scriptures for its religious importance and close association with Ramayana, Chitrakoot or "The Hills of Wonders" is a hallowed centre of pligrimage.
- It attracts more than 50 Lakh tourists every year.

Fatehpur-Sikri

- Fatehpur-Sikri came into being four centuries ago when Emperor Akbar set out to build the first planned city in Indo-Islamic architecture.
- Today its red stone architecture, richly ornamented with carvings and fretwork, is in a perfect state of preservation.















- According to mythology, this is the place where Lord Krishna held aloft a hill to shield the people of Brai from the wrath of Lord Indra.
- It is also famous for its 21 km long Parikrama of the famous Goverdhan Hill.
- It attracts more than 1 Cr tourists every year.



Jhansi

- Jhansi is the gateway to Bundelkhand and Uttar Pradesh for the tourists coming from Central, Western and Southern India.
- The doyens of Hindi literature, such as Acharya Mahavir Prasad Dwivedi, Mathilisharan Gupta and femous musician Adii Khan, hockey wizard Major Dhyanchand too added glory to this city.



Kushinagar

- Kushinagar is an important Buddhist pilgrimage site, where it is believed that Gautama Buddha attained Parinirvana after his death.
- The followers of Buddhism, especially from Asian countries, wish to visit this place at least once in their lifetime.



Lucknow

- Situated on the banks of river Gomti, Lucknow, the capital of UP, is regarded as one of the finest cities of India.
- The city has been the home of a galaxy of luminaries of Hindi-Urdu literature, freedom movement and exponents of dance-music and Awadhi culsines.
- It attracts more than 40 Lakh tourists every year.



Mathura

- Traditionally recognized as the capital of Braj Bhoomi, is the land where Lord Krishna was born and spent his youth.
- It attracts more than 60 Lakh tourists every year.

Sarnath

- Sarnath is one of the most revered Buddhist pilgrimage centres
- After attaining the enlightenment at Bodh Gaya, it was here that Lord Buddha preached his first sermon sanctified as Maha Dharma Chakra Prayartan.

Shravasti

- Shravasti, capital of the ancient Kosala kingdom, is a sacred site for Buddhists because it is here that Lord Buddha performed the greatest of his miracles to confound the Tirthika heretics.
- It was an important centre of Buddhism in Buddha's lifetime as the enlightened one spent many monsoons here and delivered important sermons.

Varanasi

- Varanasi, called 'Kashi' in the scriptures, is said to be the oldest living city in the world with a history that goes back to some three thousand years.
- The combination of Kashi the holy city, Ganga the celestial river and Shiva – the supreme God, makes Varanasi an Immortal destination.
- It attracts more than 50 Lakh tourists every year.

Vrindavan

- It is one of the most important religious centres of Braj Bhoomi .Braj bhoomi is not only famous for its temples, Ghats and Ashrams, but also for its traditional Charkula dance and Rasieela.
- It attracts more than 1.25 Or tourists every year.

Vindhyachal

- Vindhyachal, situated on the bank of the holy river Ganga, is one of the most revered Shaktipeeths of which the presiding deity is Goddess Vindhyavasini.
- It attracts more than 30 Lakh tourists every year.











Recent initiatives for Tourism infrastructure development in the State

Recently completed projects of Varanasi under PRASAD Scheme of the Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India:

8. No.	Name of Scheme	Sanctioned Amount (in INR Lakh)
1.	Tourism Development of Buddha Thame Park at Sarnath	231.23
2.	Tourism Development of Sarang Nath Kund at Bernath	262.82
3.	Development of Ghat at Markandey Mahadev, Kalthi, Varanasi	428.61
4.	Integrated Tourism Development of Markandey Mahadav Tampis campus, Kaithi, Varanasi	273.21
6.	Development of Gurudham Temple, Varanasi	74.03
	Total	1269.90

Ongoing projects of Varanasi & Mathura under PRASAD Scheme of the Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India:

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Senctioned Amount (in INR Lakh)
Vere	nast:	
1.	Sound & Light Show (SEL) at Sarnath, Varanasi	770.84
Math	ura -Vrindavan:	
2.	L. Tourism Development of Theme Park, Akbarpur H. Tourism Development of Jai Kund, Jait HL Tourism Development of Chandra Sarovar, Chaumuha IV. Tourism Development of Krishna Sarovar	1498.09
æ	Development of Tourist Facilitation Centre in Mathura-Vrindavan	985.76
	Total	8198.19



Recently senctioned projects under Swedesh Dershan Scheme of the Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India:

S.No.	Name of Scheme		tioned in INR Lakh)
Shringver	pur (District-Allahabad):		
1.	Tourism Development of Shringverpur		2416.91
Chitrakoo	t		
2.	Tourism Development of Chitrakoot		4528.55
		Total	6945.86

S.No.	Name of Scheme	Sanctioned Amount (in INR Lakh)
Shravasti		
1.	Tourism Development of Shravasti	4084.93
Kapilvast	u:	
2.	Tourism Development of Kapilvastu	4096.04
Kushinag	ar:	
8.	Tourism Development of Kushinagar	1817.25



Recently sanctioned projects under Heritage Circuit, Spiritual Circuit-I & II of Swadesh Darshan Scheme of the Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India:

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Sanctioned Amount (in Lakh)
1.	Tourism Development of 94 various sites in 34 districts of Uttar Pradesh has been sanctioned by MoT, GoI under Heritage Circuit, Spiritual Circuit -I & II of Swadesh Darshan Scheme	18045.00

Recently sanctioned projects under Ramayana Circuit of Swadesh Darshan Scheme of the Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India:

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Recommended Amount (in Lakh)
1.	Integrated Tourism Development of Ayodhya (District- Faizabad) under Ramayana Circuit of Swadesh Darshan Scheme	13330.55

Recently proposed projects of Varanasi under PRASAD Scheme of the Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India:

S. No.	Name of Scheme	Recommended Amount (in Lakh)
1.	Integrated Tourism Development of Varanasi under PRASAD Scheme	6282.00
2.	Cruise boat project between Assi Ghat and Raj Ghat at Varanasi	1071.00

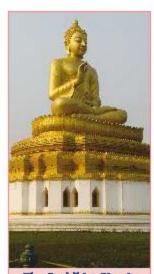
The projects sent to MoT, Gol under Swadesh Darshan Scheme:

S. No.	Proposal details	Amount (in Lakh)
1.	Integrated Tourism Development of Naimisharanya Spiritual Circuit	11543.00
2.	Integrated Tourism Development of Gorakhpur - Devipatan Spiritual Circuit	13948.00
3.	Integrated Tourism Development of Goverdhan Teerth (Mathura) under PRASAD Scheme	23355.00

Recently proposed projects under State Sector:

8. No.	Name of Scheme	Recommended Amount (in Lakh)
Gorakhpu	t	
1.	Development of water sports complex at Ramgarh Taal	7100.00
Hapur		
2.	Integrated Tourism Development of Garhmukteshwar	10000.00

Tourism Circuits of Uttar Pradesh



The Buddhist Circuit Kapikastu, Samath, Kushinagar, Kaushambi, Shravasti, Sankisa



The Rameyone Circuit Ayodhya, Chitralcot, Shringverpur



The Adhystemik Circuit Gorethpur, Baltempur, Ghazipur (Hathhoram, Bhudkure), Gorha (Mathura), Sent Ravidee Sthal & Kebir Chaure (Varanzel)



Dudhers, Pillishit, Katarninghet.



The Krishna/Brail Circuit Mathurs, Vrindavan, Goverdhen, Golds, Barsana, Nandgaon



The Shakti Peeth Circuit

Vindhyavashi Devi [Vindhyachai], Patashwari Devi Devipatan (Baltampur), Vishalakahi Devi (Varanai), Kadavashi (Kaushambi), Alopi Devi (Allahabed), Lalita Devi (Nalmbitaranya), Asala Devi (Sonbhadra), Shabambhari Devi (Saharanpur), Shivani Devi (Chitrakoot), Kastyayini Devi (Mathura)



The Bundelkhand Circuit

Charkhari (Mahoba), Chitrakoot, Kalinjar, Jeansi, Deogarh, Lalitpur



The Mahabharat Circuit

Hastinapur (Meerut), Kampilya (Farukhakad), Ahichhtra (Berelly), Bernava (Bughput), Methurs, Kaushambi, Gorda



The Jain Circuit

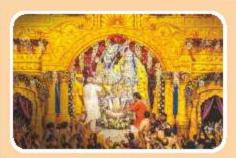
Deogarh, Hastinapur (Meserut), Vahelna (Muzefferneger), Begispot, Verenesi, Betscherer, Kampil (Fernathsbad), Ahlchhtra (Berelly), Kesshambi, Apodhys (Fetzsbad)



The Suff/Kebir Circuit

Jayas (Amethi), Magher (Sant Kabir Nagar), Salim Chianti Dergah (Fatehpur Sibri), Dewa Sharif (Barabanid)

Development of Theme based Tourism



Religious Tourtsm

- Strengthening and up-gradation of civic amenities and facilities at religious tourist destinations across the state.
- Creation of tourist facilitation centres to enhance the visitor experience at religious destinations. These centres will be set up in the next two years at Gorakhpur, Mathura, Vrindavan, Vindhyachal, Ayodhya, Naimisharanya, Varanasi, etc.

Cultural Tourism

- To promote culture exchanges, the Department will release annual
 calendar for all religious/cultural events and organize events with
 the objective to promote tourism and establish Uttar Pradesh as a
 brand.
- The Department will form a special task force with experts/ consultants to organize cultural events, food festivals and other art based festivals.





Heritage Tourism

- Recently recognized by UNESCO as the 'Intangible Cultural Haritage of Humanity', 'Kumbh' will be promoted extensively in the national and the international markets.
- The Department will work with architects and Archaeological Survey of India (ASI), to undertake restoration projects of sites at Kushinagar, Kapilvastu, Samath, Sravasti, Lucknow, Agra, Fatehpur Sikri, Barsana, Gokul, Nandgaon, Vrindavan, Goverdhan, Ayodhya, Kashi, Naimisharanya, Chitrakoot, Vindyachal, Davipatthan, Tulsipur and other under developed potential tourist sites in the state.

Eco Tourism

- In coordination with the Uttar Pradesh Forest Corporation (UPFC), the Department will provide civic and tourist amenities in national parks and wildlife sanctuaries, to ensure visitor satisfaction.
- Nature Interpretation Centres, Nature Camps, Boating and Nature Tour Programs will be organized and managed at centralized level in Lucknow.
- Bird Sanctuaries at Nawabganj, Hastinapur, Sur Sarovar, Ranipur Sanctuary (Banda), Kalmoor Sanctuary (Mirzapur), Samaspur Sanctuary (Rae Bareli), Surha Taal Sanctuary (Ballia) and Patna Sanctuary (Etah) to be promoted.





Wellness Tourism

- The Department will identify specialized centres for AYUSH: Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homeopathy, and will collaborate with them for setting up their units in Uttar Prodesh.
- The Department will organize International Yoga Conclave and promote wellness centres to draw more traffic and position Uttar Pradesh as a wellness tourist destination.

MICE Tourism

- The Department will allocate a special budget for programs elevating and bringing Meetings, incentive Travel, Conventions and Exhibitions (MICE) tourism to Utter Pradesh.
- The Department will engage and build corporate the ups with the companies which organize such meetings that will further increase the earnings.





Adventure Tourism

- The Department will facilitate creation of training institutes and adventure sports academy.
- The Department will leverage multiple opportunities arising from the varied topography that Bundelkhand, Sonbhadra, Chitrakoot, Ramgarh Tal, etc. offers to tourists and create a unique proposition for various adventure sports like paragilding, zip-lining, etc.

Craft, Handloom & Textile Tourism

- Textile tourism circuits will be developed to promote the indigeneous art by linking it to major tourist destinations.
- Shilpgrams and Shilp Bazaars will be established across the state to promote UP's rich Handkraft legacy.

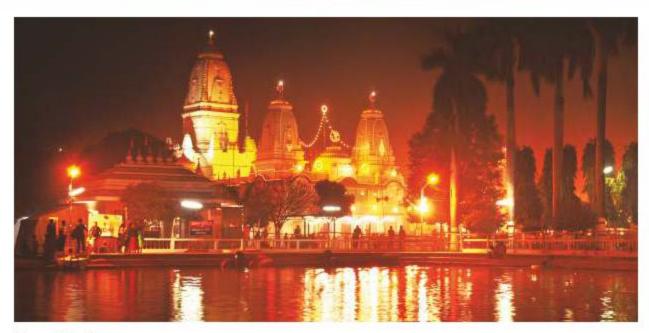


HIGHLIGHTS OF UP TOURISM POLICY, 2018

Capital investment Subaidy

Category	Subsidy (whichever is less)	Capital investment
New Hotel//Resort	15% or INR 7.5 Cr	INR 10 cr. to INR 50 Cr
	15% or INR 10 Cr	More than INR 50 Cr
New Budget Hotel	15% or INR 1.5 Cr	INR 2 cr. to INR 10 Cr
New Sports Resort	10% or INR 1 Cr	More than 1 Cr on equipment cost
New Tented Accommodation	20% or INR 50 Lakh	Minimum required capital investment of INR 20 Lakh
New Wellness Centre	15% or INR 7.5 Cr	INR 2 Cr to INR 50 Cr
	15% or INR 10 Cr	More than INR 50 Cr
New Convention Centre	15% or INR 7.5 Cr	Upto INR 50 Cr
	15% or INR 10 Cr	More than INR 50 Cr
Adventure Tourism Projects, Cruise Tourism Units and House Boats,	10% or INR 1 Cr	More than INR 1 Cr on equipment cost
Sound & Light Show / Laser Show	25% or INR 2.5 Cr	More than INR 1 Cr on eq uipment cost
New Theme Park	10% or INR 1 Cr	More than INR 2 Cr on equipment cost





Interest Subsidy

 5% of the loan amount with maximum amount of INR 25 lakh per annum for a period of five years, to eligible tourism units.

Stamp Duty

100% exemption of on sale/lease/transfer of land for the first transaction only during the operative period of the
policy.

Conversion and Development Charges

100% waiver on land use conversion and development charges for all new tourism units.

Skill Development

- Reimbursement of 100% of hospitality related course fees, for up to INR 10,000 per person per course, with the
 course duration of fortright.
- Subsidy of INR 5 lakh to individual/group involved in reviving the indigenous and scarce art, music, craft, folk dance and cuising of Uttar Pradesh.

Incentive for Heritage Properties

- Capital Investment Subsidy of 25% of the capital cost of the project cost or INR 1.5 cr. whichever is less.
- Interest Subsidy @ 5%, to a maximum of INR 25 lakh, for 5 years.
- 100 % exemption in Stamp Duty and 100% waiver in Excise License Fee for Heritage hotels set in rural areas

Land Bank

Creation of land bank by pooling of unutilized land of various departments including Revenue, Irrigation and others.
 Bed & Breakfast Scheme

- Introduction of Bed & Breakfast Scheme, which is also applicable to Ashrams.
- Bed & Breakfast establishments will remain under residential category and domestic rate for electricity & water tax to be charged.

Major Festivals, Fairs & Conclave organised by Uttar Pradesh Tourism*

Month	Event	Venue
October	Shilpotsav Deepotsav Ganga Mahotsav	Noida Ayodhya Varanasi
November	Azamgarh Mahotsav Cattle Fair Dev Deapawali	Delhi Bateshwar (Agra) Varanasi
December	Kapilvastu Mahotsav	Kaplivastu
January	Gorakhpur Mahotsav Uttar Pradesh Divas Lucknow Mahotsav Maghar mahotsav	Gorakhpur Lucknow Lucknow Sant kabir Nagar
February	Ramayan mela Taj Mahotsav Rangotsav Uttar Pradesh Travel Mart	Chitrakoot Agra Mathura Lucknow
March	Ayurveda Mahotsav Jaunpur Mahotsav International Ramayana Conclave Wajid Ali Shah Festival	Jhansi Jaunpur Lucknow Lucknow
April	Buddha Mahotsav	Kushinagar, Kapilyastu

^{*}Restivels will be revised time to time

Travel Writers' Conclave Lucknow, Agra & Varanasi

The Travel Writers' Conclave, is aimed at promoting Uttar Pradesh and its cities, by depicting them through the
words of illustrious travel writers, bloggers, photographers, explorers and journalists from across the world. The
conclave offers a personalised and never-seen-before perspective of Uttar Pradesh and its culture, heritage, people
and colours. The conclave brings together achievers from multiple walks of life and experts on conservation,
environment, food, textiles, agriculture and other industries, to formulate a road-map that can potentially attract
more tourists to the state.

Kumbh Mela at Allahabad

- The Kumbh Mela is believed to be the largest religious gathering on earth and considered as the "world's largest
 congregation of religious pilgrims" held every 12 years on the banks of the 'Sangam'- the confluence of the holy
 rivers Ganga, Yamuna and the mythical Saraswati
- An estimated 120 million people visited Maha Kumbh Mela in 2013 in Allahabad over a two-month period including over 30 million on a single day, on 10 February 2013 (the day of Mauni Amavasya)
- The efficient and timely arrangements at the Kumbh Mela attracted the attention of many governments and institutions across the world. The Harvard University of the USA conducted a research on Kumbh Mela.
- Currently Department of Tourism, Government of Uttar Pradesh is focusing on marketing and branding of upcoming Kumbh 2019 through its campaign in print, electronic, outdoor and online media.

Deepotsav at Ayodhya

- For the first time, an enormous event was organized at Ayodhya on 18th October 2017, to celebrate the festival of Deepawali at the place closely associated with the history of great epic Ramayana.
- Guinness World Record attempt of 'Largest display of oil lamps' was made by the Department of Tourism, Government of Uttar Pradesh during 'Deepotsav' in Ayodhya. Over 187,213 earthen oil lamps were lighted at Ram ki Paidi, with the support of local administration and approximately 2,000 volunteers.
- The event gained a massive reach on social media platforms, the key ones being Facebook and Twitter. The hashtag #DiwaliinAyodhya was trending at 1st position on Twitter for more than an hour.

Preferred destination for Film Shooting

Landscape & History

- A fertile terrain of the Gangetic plain, spread over in 2,36,286 sq. km. area, touches the Himalayan foothills to the north and the Vindhya ranges to the south.
- It is the land which is glorified by the stream of Indian spirituality i.e. the great Ganga & Yamuna and the footprints of legends like Ram, Krishna, Buddha, Jain Tirthankars & Sufi Saints

Uttar Pradesh Captured in Camera

 Movies like Gadar, Lucknow Central, Jolly LLB 2, Toilet Ek Prem Katha, Tevar, Bullet Raja which features the various cities of Uttar Pradesh such as Lucknow, Mathura, Varanasi, Kanpur etc

Uttar Pradesh Film Policy

- Maximum subisdy for Awadhi, Braj, Bundeli and Bhojpuri films and atleast 50% shooting has been done in the state
- If any movie shoots in Uttar Pradesh which has all the artist from the state an additional subsidy will be provided to the film producer.

Single Window Clearance System

- For ensuring availability of all the film production related facilities under a single roof, the "Film Bandhu, Uttar Pradesh" has been constituted as a nodal agency under the chairpersonship of Principal Secretary, Information.
- The "Film Development Fund" has been setup for financing the films.

Awards and Accolades

- Best Cultural Destination in India Award for the year 2016-17 by Lonely Planet Magazine
- Best Mobile Application from the Skoch Group under Smart Governance awards category in 2015
- Awarded for "Adapting to social media for the convenience and mobility of Tourist" by Digital Empowerment Foundation.
- Won National Award for the "Most film friendly state" in the year 2015

Key Investable Projects

- Ropeway Project at Triveni Sangam, Allahabad
- · Probable sites for new ropeway project are Bundelkhand, Vindhya Region and Sonbhadra.
- A world class digital museum based on Ramayana is already proposed in Ayodhya and Allahabad

List of UPSTDC properties available for lease

S. No.	Name of the Property	District
1,	Rahi Gokul Restaurant	Mathura
2.	Rahl Tourist Bungalow Barsana	Mathura
3.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Gokul Gaon	Mathura
4.	Tourist Complex Nagla Chandrabhan	Mathura
5.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Hargaon	Sitapur
6.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Namisharanya	Sitapur
7.	Rahl Tourist Bungalow Sandi Jheel	Hardol
8.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Devkali	Auraiya
9.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Kachhla	Badaun
10.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Narora	Bulandshahr
11.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Soron	Etah
12.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Patna Panchhi Vihar	Etah
13.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Bharthari	Aligarh
14.	Wayside amenities Kandhla	Muzaffarnagar
15.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Khurja	Bulandshahr
16.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Sardhana	Meerut
17.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Sonauli	Maharajganj
18.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Navgarh	Siddharthnagar
19.	Modern Reception Centre (Excluding the ground floor)	Gorakhpur
20.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Bhupia Mau	Pratapgarh
21.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Munshigani	Amethi
22.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Dewa Sharif	Barabanki
23.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Shikohabad	Firozabad
24.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Bateshwar	Agra
25.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Sumer Singh Quila	Etawah
26.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Chunar	Mirzapur
27.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Bhadohi	Sant Ravidas Nagar
28.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Gopiganj	Sant Ravidas Nagar
29.	Rahi Yatri Niwas Bithoor	Kanpur
30.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Sankisa	Farrukhabad
31.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Khaga	Fatehpur
32.	Rahi Tourist Bungalow Deogarh	Lalitpur

Investment Opportunities

Hospitality & Accommodations

- Hotels, Motels, Bed and Breakfasts (B&Bs), Recreational Vehicle (RV) and Tent
- Camp Grounds, Resorts, Specialty Lodges, Inns, Cabins, Four-season Resorts

Transportation

 Services to, from and around the tourist destination through different modes like helicopter, road transports, Cruise, etc.

Guided Tours and Tour guides

 Informative and entertaining tours of an area's local attractions

Lifestyle

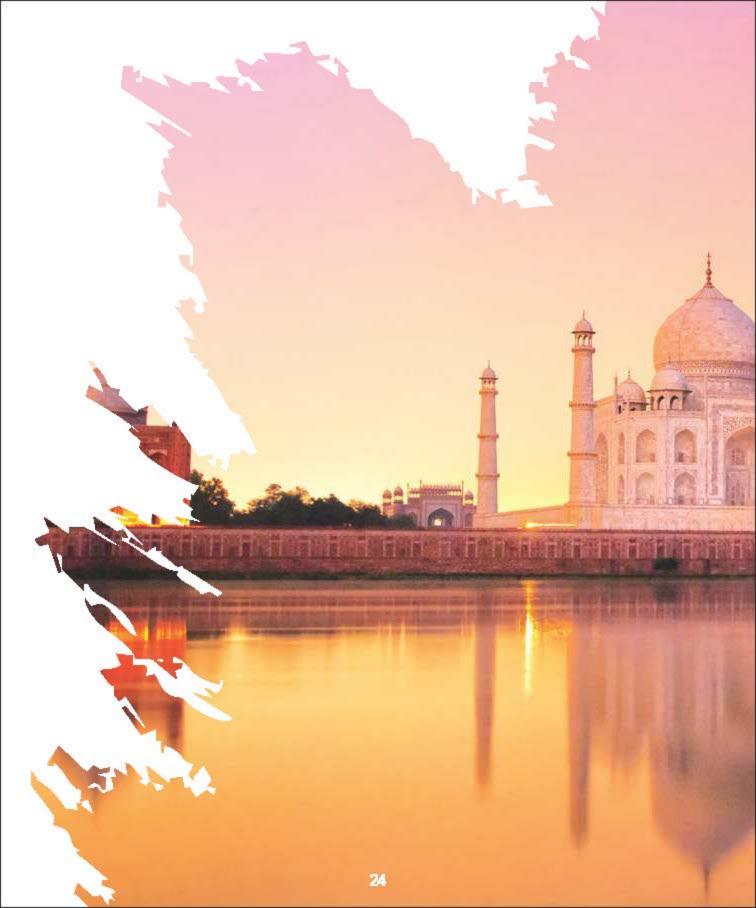
 With serene natural destinations across the state, tourism products offering flexibility, peace of mind and personal enrichment

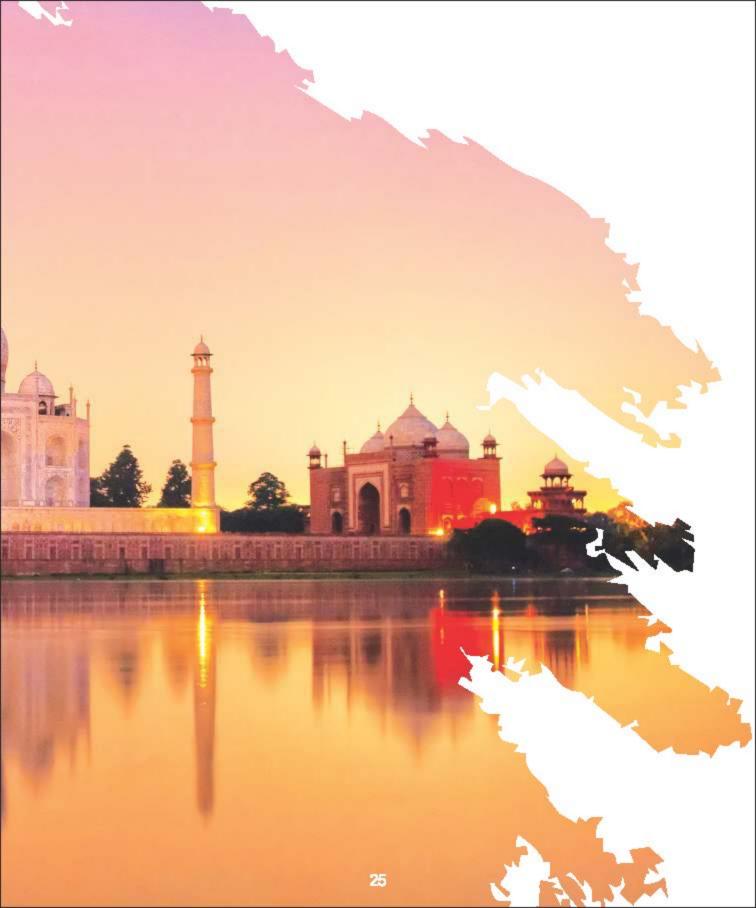
Yoga & Wellness Centre

Establishment of Wellness Resorts,
 Specialized Centres of Ayurveda and
 Unani method of treatment

Museums, Heritage and Cultural Complexes

 Establishing Museums and Heritage Complexes for showcasing the State's art & culture















Key Players operating in Uttar Pradesh

Major Players in Hospitality





















Major Tourism Associations in Uttar Pradesh



















Contact : Executive Director Udyog Bandhu

12-C, Mall Avenue, Lucknow-226001 (U.P.)

Phone No.: +91-522-2237582/83

Fax No.: +91-522-2237345 Email: info@udyogbandhu.com www.udyogbandhu.com



Information and Public Relations Department, U.P.