



Today, Uttar Pradesh has become a hope for the world and is driving the country's overall growth. The state is now known for good governance, peace, law & order, and stability. UP has also benefitted greatly from the work that has been done to increase social, physical, and digital infrastructure. The state is witnessing holistic development and has changed its 'sach' and 'approach' for ease of doing business.

**Narendra Modi, Prime Minister**

## UP AT THE TOP

- Number 1 in implementation of Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi Yojana
- Number 1 in Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Urban and Rural) with approval for 54 lakh houses
- Number 1 in distribution of 1.75 crore free gas connections under the Ujjwala Yojana
- Number 1 in opening 8.56 crore bank accounts under the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana
- Number 1 in construction of 2.61 crore toilets under Swachh Bharat
- Number 1 in issuing 1.58 crore free electricity connections under Saubhagya Yojana
- Number 1 in the implementation of the PM SVANidhi Yojana

**D**ubbed as the 'New growth engine of new India', Uttar Pradesh has traversed and gone beyond the expectations of critics and naysayers. With a precise gameplan in mind and the needed vision to implement it on ground, the state is fast becoming the powerhouse of growth and progress. Leveraged by the support from the centre and with a common mission for development-based agenda on the cards, the state government has underlined and executed key reforms, sectoral and central policies and has been successful in developing a vast infrastructure across healthcare, education, law and order, tourism, sports and social welfare. As PM Narendra Modi completes nine years of his government, and CM Yogi Adityanath having completed six years in Uttar Pradesh, the development model that has been derived from the synergy of these two statesmen, is fast transforming UP and India. CM Yogi Adityanath, along with his team, is working round-the-clock to achieve the trillion-dollar vision, which fully supports and catapults PM's vision of a transformed India. With carefully planned efforts by imbibing the Prime Minister's 5T mantra 'Talent, Tradition, Trade, Tourism, Technology', CM Yogi Adityanath is keenly focused on building a new roadmap to development for UP.

### REIMAGINING UTTAR PRADESH AS GROWTH CENTRE OF INDIA

One of the major factors that have contributed to the remarkable growth UP has made in the last six years, can be easily attributed to the fact the central and the state governments are perfectly aligned in their vision for development. UP is the number one state in the country in the implementation of 44 central schemes and policies, which only puts the synergistic harmony of the two, centrestage when one talks about 'double-engine' impact.

Focused on developing avenues of profit and employment, the state government rapidly worked on building new mediums of connectivity, industrialisation, sustainable development, and empowerment of state farmers, entrepreneurs, women and youth. Backing the policies of the centre, the UP government has been able to implement

them across the state thereby reinforcing its efforts to revamp and reimagine a new Uttar Pradesh. Schemes like Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY), launched by the central government in June 2015, helped UP. After Yogi Adityanath took over as its CM in 2017, UP built more than 17 lakh houses in the next 17 months. Today, the state has built 54 lakh houses under PMAY and become the number one state in the country to do so, ensuring that every citizen of the state has a roof over their head and access to respectful and secure living.

Meanwhile, one of the biggest game-changers for UP has been law and order. Keen on attracting new avenues of growth and investment to Uttar Pradesh, the UP government wanted to recover from its *bimaru* image and worked round-the-clock to handle and resolve the problem of organised crime and mafia. In just six years, the chief minister established the commissionerate system in UP and confiscated illegally seized properties of criminals and mafias. The commissionerate has not only empowered the police force but also made them more efficient and responsive to aptly address public grievances. Use of technology and sensitisation of the state police was another important initiative launched to modernise the law and order framework, under the future-forward leadership of the PM.

The collaboration between the central and the state government is fast turning a new leaf in the chronicles of Uttar

WITH THE ALIGNED VISION AND SERVICE MOTTO OF THE CENTRE AND UP GOVERNMENT, UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF PM NARENDRA MODI, UP HAS BEEN ABLE TO LEAP FORWARD INTO A FUTURE THAT BRIMS WITH THE ASPIRATIONS OF SUCCESS FOR THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE

PICS: DIPR, GOVT OF UTTAR PRADESH



# The 'Double-Engine' impact

## PROVIDING SUSTENANCE

- Under the National Food Security Act, free distribution of food grains to 15 crore poor people of the state
- Food grains including *dal*, *sabut chana*, iodised salt, refined oil, sugar, wheat, rice, per month to Antyodaya ration card holders
- Free food grains distribution extended for one year from January 1, 2023 to Antyodaya & eligible household beneficiaries

Pradesh and as a result, is putting the state centrestage on several development-based discussions and plans. Having built a vast network of roads, expressways, rails and airports, the state is helping its remote and backward regions become mainstream in industrialisation, trade and development.

Missions like Swachh Bharat, Antyodaya, Ayushman Bharat, Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi Yojana, Ujjwala Yojana, Saubhagya Yojana and PM Gati-Shakti, are just some of the key central policies that, when implemented in UP, have uplifted the quality of living and improved the wellness index for the state

residents. Likewise, Smart City Mission is bringing technology to the forefront and helping the state build people-friendly interfaces and sustainable public utilities.

The Defence Corridor, announced by the Prime Minister while inaugurating the UP Investors Summit in Lucknow in 2018, is an aspirational project that intends to reduce foreign dependency of the Indian aerospace and defence sector.

With six nodes in Aligarh, Agra, Kanpur, Chitrakoot, Jhansi and Lucknow, the corridor aims to bring Uttar Pradesh as one of the largest and advanced defence manufacturing hubs, putting it high on the world map.